Title: WHAT WORSHIP DOES FOR US, PSALM 99 (Chatham, NJ; 10/19/14, AM) [Pc – Cause to Effect]

Theme: Worship centers our lives by reminding us that we are God's creatures and by assuring us we are participating in the spiritual world's worship activity.

Purpose: To develop a higher understanding of why we participate in weekly worship.

Introduction:

- 1. Worship is essentially defined as "prostrating oneself," and although everyday life is considered spiritual worship before God, participating in community worship plays a major role in shaping us.
- 2. Paul praises the Thessalonians for turning from idols to serve the "living and true God."
- 3. Worship should be the next natural step in turning to him.
- 4. This year's "Forty Days of Prayer" prompts us to reflect on how worship centers us.
- 5. Let me give you some biblical thoughts on that.
- I. The True and Living God, 1 Thessalonians 1:9
 - A. The prophetic words against false gods
 - 1. The first of the Ten Commandments prohibits it
 - 2. Isaiah 44:9-20, the prophet demonstrates the absurdity of worshipping something that isn't even alive
 - 3. Jeremiah 10:6-16 (esp. 10) reflects Isaiah and Paul adapts his words about the "true and living God"
 - B. The Thessalonians turn from these idols
 - 1. They believed in the one true God and his Son
 - 2. In Ephesus (Acts 19) Christianity caused a major disruption in the trades supported essentially by pagan idols
 - 3. Worship of the one God demands a worship of no other gods
- II. Israel at Worship
 - A. Psalm 95 and other "songs of praise"
 - 1. Several psalms in this section exhort the participant to sing songs of praise and thanksgiving (92, 96, 98, 100)
 - 2. Psalm 95 in particular:
 - Come into his presence, 2
 - He is a great God and king above all gods, 3
 - He owns all things (4-5)
 - Worship and bow down before our maker, 6
 - The spirit of repentance is inherent in the call to worship (8-11)
 - B. The Lord Reigns, Psalm 99
 - 1. Along with 93 & 97, this psalm proclaims the Lord's rule over all things
 - 2. NT fulfills this: Mt 28:18; Revelation 4; Ephesians 1:21-22
 - 3. Psalm 99 calls Israel to worship him:
 - The people tremble
 - Exalt and worship, 5, 9
 - His holiness demands it, 3, 5, 9
 - God of justice, righteousness (4), forgiver yet avenger of wrongs (8)
 - As in 95 his nature defines him and gives us a reason to worship

III. Worship Effects Us

- A. What it doesn't do . . .
 - 1. Jeremiah 7 it doesn't allow us a false sense of security to do as we please, but still present ourselves before him
 - 2. Paganism has no connection between religion and moral behavior; the pagan gods only demanded that they be pacified
 - 3. Second, it doesn't merely satisfy a religious obligation
 - 4. Worship satisfies our deeper longing for communion with God
 - 5. Third, it does not (or should not) breed self-righteousness
 - 6. We come to church because we are not righteous
- B. What worship does . . .
 - 1. Reminds us that we are the creatures and God is the creator: all that we are depends on Him
 - 2. We glimpse and participate in the choruses of praise in heaven, Rev. 4 (remember that Ephesians considers us blessed in the "heavenly places"
 - 3. We are reminded of our responsibilities to him when we hear from His Word
 - 4. Worshipping the true and living God breeds a person made in His image: you are what you worship
 - 5. Worshipping God changes:
 - Our understanding of service to Him
 - Our understanding of human nature in relationship to Him
 - The cosmic scheme of things

Conclusions:

- 1. John exhorts his church to avoid idols, 1 John 5:20-21.
- 2. Worshipping the only God will help with this.
- 3. Come each week with humility and reverence in the presence of God.
- 4. Let your weekly attendance center and focus your life.